## The Water We Drink 2024 CCR

## **CHATHAM WATER SYSTEM**

Public Water Supply ID: LA1049004

We are pleased to present to you the Annual Water Quality Report for the year 2024. This report is designed to inform you about the quality of your water and services we deliver to you every day (Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable. Tradúzcalo o hable con alguien que lo entienda bien). Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water.

Our water source(s) are listed below:

Source Name	Source Water Type
WELL #2	Ground water
WELL #3 BY CHATHAM CEMETERY	Ground water
WELL #4	Ground water

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

<u>Microbial Contaminants</u> - such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.

<u>Inorganic Contaminants</u> - such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.

Pesticides and Herbicides - which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.

<u>Organic Chemical Contaminants</u> – including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems.

Radioactive Contaminants – which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

A Source Water Assessment Plan (SWAP) is now available from our office. This plan is an assessment of a delineated area around our listed sources through which contaminants, if present, could migrate and reach our source water. It also includes an inventory of potential sources of contamination within the delineated area, and a determination of the water supply's susceptibility to contamination by the identified potential sources. According to the Source Water Assessment Plan, our water system had a susceptibility rating of 'MEDIUM'. If you would like to review the Source Water Assessment Plan, please feel free to contact our office.

Louisiana Department of Health is now grading water systems by certain standards. We are pleased to inform you that the Chatham Water System received an "A" for 2024. The full report can be found at <a href="https://chathamla.gov/ccr2">www.ldh.la.gov/watergrade</a> or <a href="https://chathamla.gov/ccr2">https://chathamla.gov/ccr2</a>.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. Food and Drug Administration regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you have any questions

about this report, want to attend any scheduled meetings, or simply want to learn more about your drinking water, please contact GREGORY C. HARRIS at 318-249-2541.

There is no safe level of lead in drinking water. Exposure to lead in drinking water can cause serious health effects in all age groups, especially pregnant people, infants (both formula-fed and breastfed), and young children. Some of the health effects to infants and children include decreases in IQ and attention span. Lead exposure can also result in new or worsened learning and behavior problems. The children of persons who are exposed to lead before or during pregnancy may be at increased risk of these harmful health effects. Adults have increased risks of heart disease, high blood pressure, kidney or nervous system problems. Contact your health care provider for more information about your risks.

The Louisiana Department of Health and Hospitals - Office of Public Health routinely monitors for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. The tables that follow show the results of our monitoring during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2024. Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least some small amounts of contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk.

In the tables below, you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms, we've provided the following definitions:

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/L) – one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter (ug/L) – one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

<u>Picocuries per liter (pCi/L)</u> – picocuries per liter is a measure of the radioactivity in water.

<u>Treatment Technique (TT)</u> – an enforceable procedure or level of technological performance which public water systems must follow to ensure control of a contaminant.

Action level (AL) – the concentration of a contaminant that, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

<u>Maximum contaminant level (MCL)</u> – the "Maximum Allowed" MCL is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCL's are set as close to the MCLG's as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

## During the period covered by this report we had the below noted violations.

Compliance Period	Analyte	Туре
2/3/2024 - 7/13/2024	GROUNDWATER RULE	FAILURE ADDRESS DEFICIENCY (GWR)
2/3/2024 - 11/3/2024	GROUNDWATER RULE	FAILURE ADDRESS DEFICIENCY (GWR)

Our water system tested a minimum of 2 sample(s) per month in accordance with the Total Coliform Rule for microbiological contaminants. With the microbiological samples collected, the water system collects disinfectant residuals to ensure control of microbial growth.

Disinfectant	Date	HighestRAA	Unit	Range	MRDL	MRDLG	Typical Source
CHLORINE	2024	1	ppm	0.15 - 2.01	4	4	Water additive used to control microbes

In the tables below, we have shown the regulated contaminants that were detected. Chemical Sampling of our drinking water may not be required on an annual basis; therefore, information provided in this table refers back to the latest year of chemical sampling results.

The State of Louisiana regularly monitors source water per State and Federal Regulations. Treated water samples are monitored to further evaluate compliance.

Source Water Regulated Contaminants		Collection Date		Highest Value	Range		Unit		М	CL	MCL	.G Тур	ical Source				
ARSENIC		9/15/2024		2.4	0 - 2.4		ppb		10		0	fron	osion of natural deposits; Runofi m orchards; Runoff from glass d electronics production wastes				
FLUORIDE		11/17/2024		0.3	0.3		ppm		4		4	add teet	sion of natural deposits; Water ditive which promotes strong th; Discharge from fertilizer and minum factories				
Treated Water Regulated Contaminants		Collection Date		Highest Value	Range		Unit		М	CL	MCL	.G Typi	pical Source				
NITRATE-NITRITE		11/17/2024		0.1	0 - 0.1		ppm		10		10	fron	off from fertilizer use; Leaching n septic tanks, sewage; Erosion atural deposits				
Source Water Radiological Contaminants		Collection Date		Highest Value	Range		Unit		M	CL	MCL	.G Typi	ical Source				
COMBINED RADIUM (-226 & -228)	VI	5/19/2024		0.765	0 - 0.765		pCi/l		5		0	Eros	sion of natural deposits				
RADIUM-228		5/19/2024		0.765	0 - 0.765		PCI/I	_	5		0	Eros	sion of natural deposits				
Lead and Copper	Da	ate		TH ercentile	Range	U	Init	A	L	Sit	es er AL	Typica	al Source				
COPPER, FREE	20	)19 - 2022	0.	1	0 - 0.2	р	pm	1	.3	0		syster	sion of household plumbing ns; Erosion of natural deposits; ing from wood preservatives				
LEAD	20	)19 - 2022	7		0 - 7	р	pb	1	5	0			sion of household plumbing ns; Erosion of natural deposits				
Disinfection Byproducts		Sample Poir	nt	Period	Highest LRAA	R	ange		Uni	it	MCL	MCLG	Typical Source				
TOTAL HALOACETIC ACIDS (HAA5)		100 LELANI PARDUE RI		2023 - 2024	10	2.	.9 - 12.	1	ppl	0	60	0	By-product of drinking water disinfection				
TOTAL HALOACETIC ACIDS (HAA5)		3877 HWY 1	46	2023 - 2024	12	3	- 10.9		ppl	0	60	0	By-product of drinking water disinfection				
TOTAL HALOACETIC ACIDS (HAA5)		LA-4 & MARI RD	ΑН	2023 - 2024	10	3.	.8 - 12.	4	ppl	О	60	0	By-product of drinking water disinfection				
TTHM		100 LELANI PARDUE RI		2023 - 2024	65		6.3 - 6.7		ppl	0	80	0	By-product of drinking water chlorination				
TTHM		3877 HWY 1	46	2023 - 2024	77	40	6.5 - 83	3	ppl	0	80	0	By-product of drinking water chlorination				

TTH	M	LA-4 & MARIAH RD	202 202	_	67	51.2 81.7		ppb	80	0	, ,	product o	water	
	Source Secondary Contaminants				Collection Date			Highest Value				Unit	SMCL	
	ALUMINUM	9/15/2024			0.16			0.02 - 0.16		MG/L	0.2			
	CHLORIDE				5/19/2024			155			141 - 155		250	
	HARDNESS, TOT	AL (AS CACO3)	9/15/2024			3.8		0 - 3.8		MG/L	0			
	IRON			9/15/2024			0.02			0 - 0.02		MG/L	0.3	
	PH	РН			5/19/2024			8.95			95	PH	8.5	
	POTASSIUM				9/15/2024			1.7				MG/L	0	
	SODIUM				5/19/2024			215.5		201.2 - 215.5		MG/L	0	
	SULFATE				9/2024		5			4 - 5		MG/L	250	

Treated Secondary Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Value	Range	Unit	SMCL
IRON	5/19/2024	0.08	0 - 0.08	MG/L	0.3
MANGANESE	5/19/2024	0.21	0 - 0.21	MG/L	0.05

+++++++++Environmental Protection Agency Required Health Effects Language++++++++++++

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800–426–4791).

Lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. CHATHAM WATER SYSTEM is responsible for providing high quality drinking water and removing lead pipes, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components in your home. You share the responsibility for protecting yourself and your family from the lead in your home plumbing. You can take responsibility by identifying and removing lead materials within your home plumbing and taking steps to reduce your family's risk. Before drinking tap water, flush your pipes for several minutes by running your tap, taking a shower, doing laundry or a load of dishes. You can also use a filter certified by an American National Standards Institute accredited certifier to reduce lead in drinking water. If you are concerned about lead in your water and wish to have your water tested, contact CHATHAM WATER SYSTEM and GREGORY C. HARRIS BUS Phone: 318-249-2541. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

## Additional Required Health Effects Language:

Some people who drink water containing trihalomethanes in excess of the MCL over many years may experience problems with their liver, kidneys, or central nervous systems, and may have an increased risk of getting cancer.

There are no additional required health effects violation notices.

Thank you for allowing us to continue providing your family with clean, quality water this year. In order to maintain a safe and dependable water supply we sometimes need to make improvements that will benefit all of our customers.

We at the CHATHAM WATER SYSTEM work around the clock to provide top quality drinking water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect and conserve our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life, and our children's future. Additional information on the water system can be found at <a href="https://chathamla.gov/ccr1">www.ldh.la.gov/watergrade</a> or <a href="https://chathamla.gov/ccr1">https://chathamla.gov/ccr1</a>. <a href="Paper copies of the 2024 CCR will not be mailed out.">Please call our office if you have questions.</a>